

# Practice Paper 1

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Total Marks

/80

1 Let  $A$  and  $B$  be events such that  $P(A) = 0.3$ ,  $P(B) = 0.75$  and  $P(A \cup B) = 0.9$ .

Find  $P(B|A)$ .

**(5 marks)**

2 Given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 \cos\left(3x^3 + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  and that the graph of  $y$  passes through the point  $(0, -1)$ , find an expression for  $y$  in terms of  $x$ .

**(5 marks)**

- 3 (a)** The functions  $f$  and  $g$  are defined such that  $f(x) = 6x + 7$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x-5}{3}$ .  
Show that  $(f \circ g)(x) = 2x - 3$ .

**(2 marks)**

- (b)** Given that  $(f \circ g)^{-1}(a) = 6$ , find the value of  $a$ .

**(3 marks)**

**4 (a) i)** Expand  $(2k - 1)^3$ .

ii) Hence, or otherwise, show that  $(2k - 1)^3 - (2k - 1) = 8k^3 - 12k^2 + 4k$ .

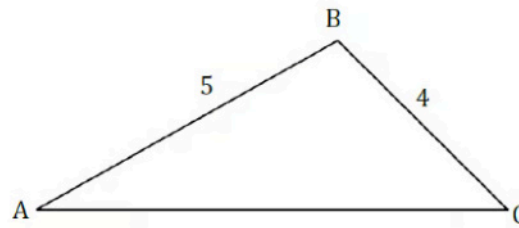
**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Thus prove, given  $k > 1$ ,  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ , that the difference between an odd natural number greater than 1 and its cube is always even.

**(3 marks)**

5 (a) The following diagram shows triangle  $ABC$ , with  $AB = 5$  and  $BC = 4$ .

diagram not to scale



- i) Given that  $\sin \widehat{B} = \frac{3}{5}$ , find the possible values of  $\cos \widehat{B}$ .
- ii) Given that  $\widehat{B}$  is obtuse, find the precise value of  $\cos \widehat{B}$ .

(3 marks)

(b) Find the length of AC.

(2 marks)

**6 (a)** Show that  $\log_4(\cos 2x + 13) = \log_2 \sqrt{\cos 2x + 13}$ .

**(3 marks)**

**(b)** Hence or otherwise solve  $\log_2(3\sqrt{2} \cos x) = \log_4(\cos 2x + 13)$  for  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$

**(5 marks)**

7 (a) Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 - 21x - 24$ .

Find  $f'(x)$ .

(2 marks)

(b) The graph of  $f$  has horizontal tangents at the points where  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ ,  $a < b$ .

Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

(3 marks)

(c) i) Find  $f''(x)$ .

ii) Hence show that the graph of  $f$  has a local maximum point at  $x = a$ .

(2 marks)

(d) i) Sketch the graph of  $y = f'(x)$ .

ii) Hence, use your answer to part (d)(i) to explain why the graph of  $f$  has a local minimum point at  $x = b$ .

**(4 marks)**

- (e) The tangent to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = a$  and the normal to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = b$  intersect At the point  $(p, q)$ .

Find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ .

**(5 marks)**



**8 (a)** Let  $f(x) = \frac{\ln px}{qx}$  where  $x > 0, p, q \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

Show that  $f'(x) = \frac{1 - \ln px}{qx^2}$ .

**(3 marks)**

**(b)** The graph of  $f$  has exactly one maximum point **A**.

Find the  $x$ -coordinate of **A**.

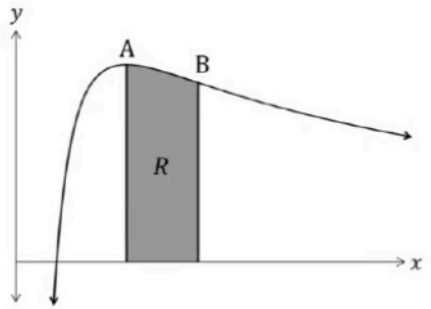
**(3 marks)**

**(c)** The second derivative of  $f$  is given by  $f''(x) = \frac{2 \ln px - 3}{qx^3}$ . The graph of  $f$  has exactly one point of inflexion **B**.

Show that the  $x$ -coordinate of **B** is  $\frac{2}{p}$ .

**(3 marks)**

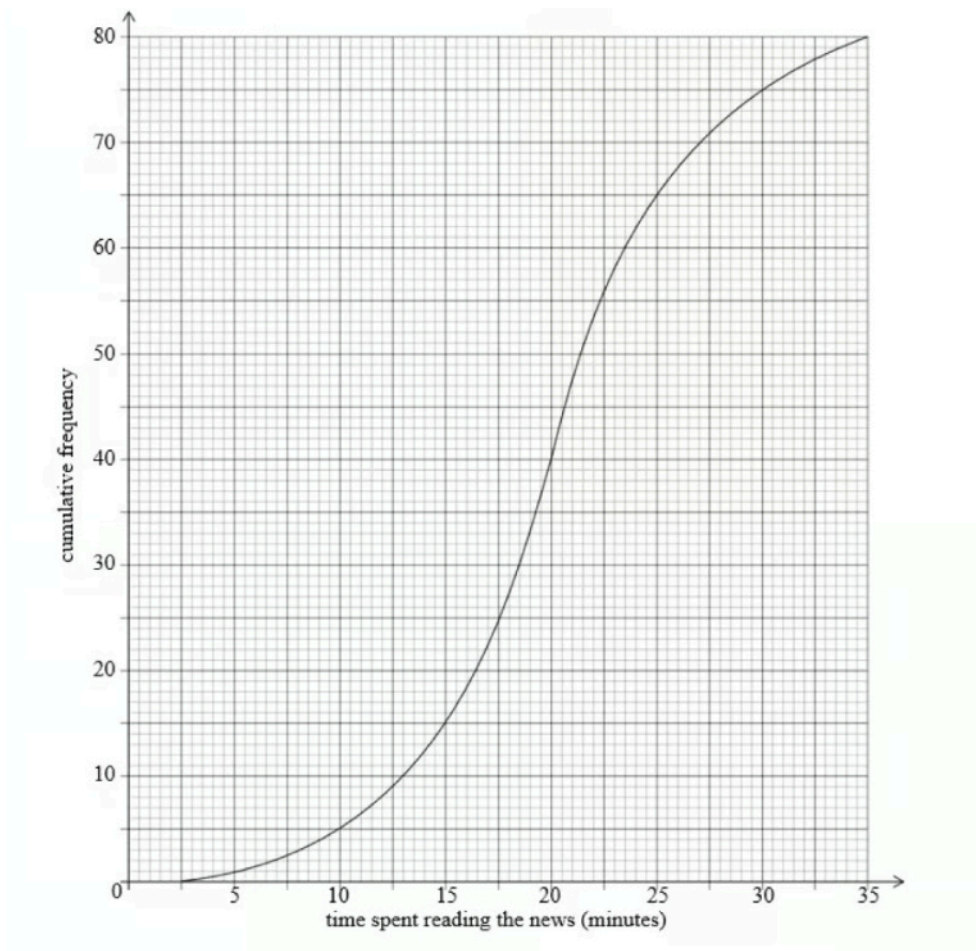
- (d) The region  $R$  is enclosed by the graph of  $f$ , the  $x$ -axis, and the vertical lines through the maximum point  $A$  and the point of inflexion  $B$ .



Calculate the area of  $R$  in terms of  $q$  and show that the value of the area is independent of  $p$ .

(7 marks)

- 9 (a)** A school surveyed 80 of its final year students to find out how much time they spent reading the news on a given day. The results of the survey are shown in the following cumulative frequency diagram.



Find the median number of minutes spent reading the news.

**(2 marks)**

- (b)** Find the number of students whose reading time is within 2.5 minutes of the median.

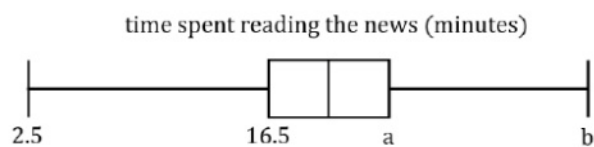
(3 marks)

(c) Only 15% of students spent more than  $k$  minutes reading.

Find the value of  $k$ .

(3 marks)

(d) The results of the survey can also be displayed on the following box-and-whisker diagram.



Write down the value of  $b$ .

(1 mark)

(e) i) Find the value of  $a$ .

ii) Hence, find the interquartile range.

(4 marks)

(f) Determine whether someone who spends 30 minutes reading the news would be an outlier.

(2 marks)