# HL IB Business Management



## 4.2 Marketing Planning

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## The Role of Marketing Planning

## **Marketing Planning**

- Marketing planning is the process of formulating the marketing strategies and tactics that will help a business to achieve its marketing objectives
- Three tools of marketing planning include
  - Market segmentation
  - Market mapping
  - Market positioning
- A marketing plan commonly includes the following elements

#### Diagram with the four elements of a Marketing Plan



#### A marketing plan usually contains four key elements

#### Marketing objectives

- These are specific SMART (specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, time bound) goals and may include
  - Increasing market share
  - Maximising sales revenue in a particular region or for a certain product
  - Achieving distribution targets
  - Improving brand awareness

#### Resources

- Planning which resources are required and where they will come from
  - This may include finance, staff time and expertise as well as the capital expenditure required to achieve the marketing objectives

#### Research

- Marketing research identifies the **factors expected to impact** upon the marketing plan such as
  - Market size and growth
  - Market segments

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- Competitor positioning
- Customer tastes, preferences and views
- The nature of distribution channels

#### The marketing mix

- This involves planning the medium- and short-term marketing activities the business intends to undertake and who is responsible for them including
  - Pricing strategies and tactics
  - Promotional activity
  - Distribution and logistical plans
  - Product specifications, features and packaging
  - Physical evidence such as branding
  - How **people** and process are developed to support delivery of the rest of the marketing mix

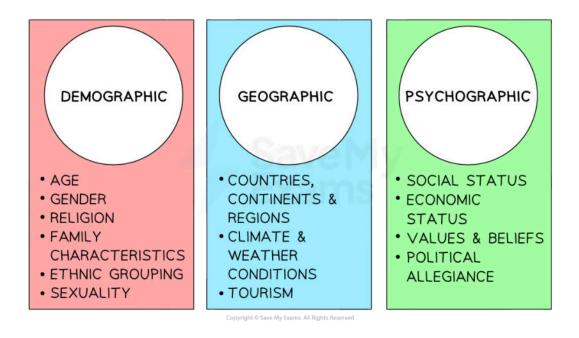


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## **Market Segmentation**

- Market segmentation is the process in which a single market is divided into sub markets or 'segments'
  - Each segment represents a slightly different set of **consumer characteristics**
  - Firms often segment their markets according to factors such as social status, geographical location, religion, gender, or lifestyle
  - A target market is one or more market segments at which a product or service is primarily aimed

#### Diagram Explaining Demographic, Geographic & Psychographic Segmentation



Examples of demographic, geographic and psychographic forms of market segmentation

- A market for a good such as crisps is not simply seen as one market e.g. the crisp market is divided up into many **market segments** such as
  - **Dinner party snacks** (Walkers Sensations, Pringles, Burts) are targeted at middle to upper earners/professionals with a premium price
  - Health conscious crisps (Walker's lite, Walkers baked, Revita lite) are targeted at the health conscious market
  - Lunch box value snacks (multipacks, hoola hoops, etc) are targeted at families and the mass market

#### The Advantages & Disadvantages of Market Segmentation

Advantages	Disadvantages
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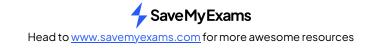
<ul> <li>Recognizes that consumers are not all identical         <ul> <li>consumer groups do not all share the same tastes and preferences</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Not everyone within a segment will behave in the same way</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Products and marketing activities can be altered to meet different needs of different groups of consumers and targeted more precisely</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May be difficult to identify a segment and consumers can belong to multiple segments at the same time</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Less expensive and wasteful than marketing products at wide market segments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Segmentation requires more detailed market research which can prove costly (but beneficial) to the business</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>May increase loyalty if the consumer feels that their needs are being met which can lead to repeat purchases</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A segment may be identified but it may be too small and unprofitable to cater for</li> </ul>

## **O** Examiner Tip

Businesses tend to use **several criteria** in identifying a market segment at which to target products and services.

For example, Coca Cola's product range is segmented according to **gender, health interests and how the product is used** (for example, two-litre bottles tend to be consumed at home, whilst cans and 500ml bottles are 'on-the-go products).

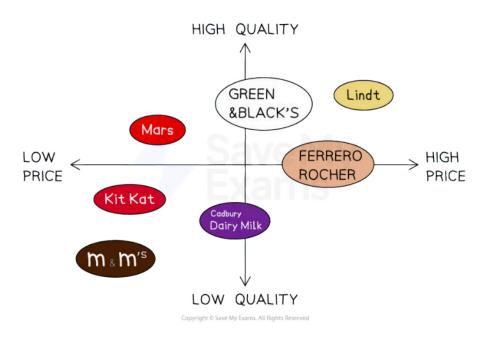




## Market Positioning & Market Mapping

- Market positioning refers to the process a business goes through when launching a new product or service
  - The business decides where they want to position the product in the market with regard to price, quality, branding, and customer perception
- Market mapping is a tool for identifying the position of a product within a market
  - A market map refers to a two-dimensional diagram that shows the attributes or characteristics of a product in comparison to rivals' products
  - Market maps are sometimes called **perception maps**
  - Only two criteria can be chosen e.g. price and quality, age and income, etc.

#### Diagram of a Market Map for Chocolate



M&M has positioned itself as low price and low quality in this example of a market map

#### **Market Map Analysis**

- If there are no spaces left on the market map, it indicates that the market is saturated
  - This means that there are no opportunities to exploit a market niche in the market
  - Competition is likely to be high and **profits low**
- However, the existence of a space on the market map may indicate the existence of a market niche
  - This needs to be researched carefully before the business commits e.g. it looks like there is a gap in the market in **high price / low quality area** in the map above

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• This gap does not represent a worthwhile market as the business would find it **impossible to build** and maintain a loyal customer base

#### The Usefulness & Limitations of Market Mapping



Usefulness	Limitations
<ul> <li>Market gaps can be identified which may enable a business to come up with ideas for new products</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A gap in the market may exist because it is not profitable to fill</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Comparisons can be made between a business' products and those of its rivals – where are the business' products positioned about its rivals?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mapping a market may require primary research which can be expensive</li> <li>Only two criteria can be chosen which may</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Market maps are simple to construct and offer a visual illustration of the position of a product in</li> </ul>	<ul><li>prove too simplistic</li><li>Markets are often dynamic and a market map</li></ul>
the market	only provides insight at a <b>specific point in time</b>

## **Unique Selling Points & Differentiation**

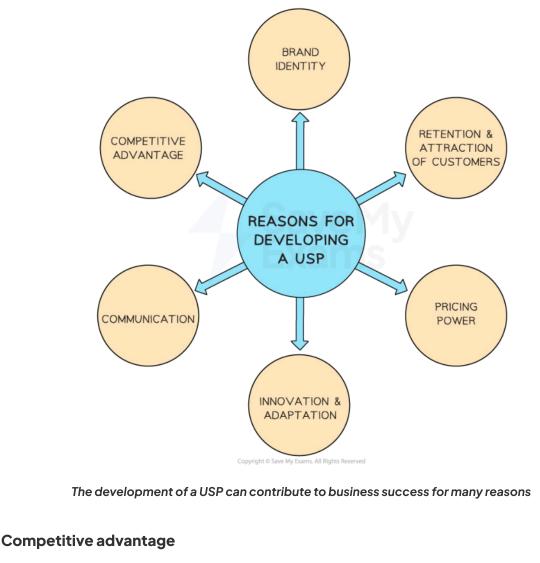
## The Importance of Having a Unique Selling Point (USP)

- A unique selling point (USP) is a **distinguishing factor or characteristic** of a product, service or brand that **sets it apart from its competitors**
- The USP helps a business to **differentiate** itself and **give customers a reason to choose one product** or service over others because it offers something **distinct and valuable**
- There are a range of **reasons why businesses develop a USP** which can include
  - Developing a brand identity
  - Achieving a **competitive advantage** over rivals
  - Effective **communication** with customers
  - The attraction and retention of customers
  - Achieving power over pricing
  - Encouraging innovation and adaption

#### Diagram Showing the Reasons for Developing USP's



Your notes



- A strong USP gives a business a competitive edge by creating a barrier to entry for other businesses in the market
- If a business can offer something that is difficult to imitate it becomes more difficult for competitors to gain customers

#### **Brand identity**

- A unique selling point helps to shape the perception of the business in the minds of consumers
- It becomes an essential part of the brand's story and message which allows customers to associate specific qualities or benefits with the brand

#### Communication

• A well-defined USP provides a clear message that highlights the unique benefits and advantages offered by the product/service, making it more compelling and memorable

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**Your notes** 

• E.g. *Emirates*' USP is a high-quality service and **luxurious amenities** supported by extensive marketing efforts such as **sponsorship deals with sports teams and events** 

#### **Customer attraction and retention**

• A unique selling point can help attract new customers by appealing to their needs and desires, making customers more likely to **choose and remain loyal to the brand** 

#### **Pricing power**

- A strong USP can often justify the firms decision to charge higher prices for products/services, as customers are willing to pay more
- This pricing power can **improve a business's profitability** and financial performance
  - E.g. Volvo has a reputation for safety, reliability and comfort which means that customers are willing to pay premium prices for its vehicles

#### Innovation and adaptation

- Developing and maintaining a unique selling point encourages businesses to continuously improve their products, explore new ideas and adapt to changing customer needs and preferences
  - E.g. *Apple* customers expect to be able to upgrade their technology devices frequently and value the ability to buy complementary goods which add value

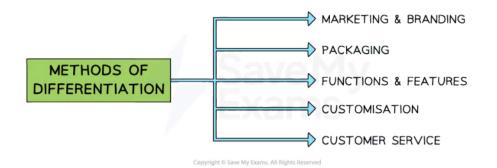
## 💽 Examiner Tip

You should consider the value of a businesses USP to its success. Those which are **difficult** or **expensive** for competitors to replicate or which are **protected in law** (such as patents or copyrights) are the most valuable and are likely to lead to long-term competitive advantage.

## **Business & Product Differentiation**

- Product differentiation is an attempt by a business to distinguish its products from those of competitors
  - This involves creating functions or features of the product (or firm) which help it to stand out from its competitors
  - Strong product differentiation helps the firm to develop its **competitive advantage**
  - The development of product differentiation often helps a firm to create a **unique selling point** for its product which can be used in marketing
  - Product differentiation may be **tangible (clearly visible)** or it may be intangible (**a perception)** that is created about the product in the consumer's mind
- Common methods used by businesses to differentiate products include
  - Marketing and branding activities
  - Eye-catching packaging
  - Attractive functions and features
  - Product customisation
  - Excellent customer service

#### Diagram with five Methods of Differentiation



Business often use a range of methods to differentiate their products and brand

 Successful business or product differentiation helps the business to increase demand for its products, increase brand loyalty, and allow the business to charge higher prices

#### Methods used by Businesses to Differentiate Themselves & Their Products

Method	Explanation	Example





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Marketing and branding	<ul> <li>Building brand identification through distinct advertising or promotional activities helps a business to differentiate itself from competitors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A market comparison website in the UK has created a very memorable brand identity around a meerkat playing on the words 'market' and meerkat</li> </ul>
Packaging	<ul> <li>Well-designed and attractive packaging that appeals to the target market can <b>provide shelf appeal</b> and encourage customers to select one product over another</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Apple products are well known for their superior packaging which creates an exciting opening experience for the customer</li> </ul>
Functions and features	<ul> <li>Adding unique features gains attention and increases demand from customers who may provide the business with favourable reviews</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Samsung Galaxy Watch 5 has robust health tracking tools built into it, along with an amazing screen</li> </ul>
Customisation	<ul> <li>Allowing customers to design or customise their products allows the firm to charge a higher price</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MoonPig.com birthday cards can be completely customised</li> </ul>
Customer service	<ul> <li>Businesses that ensure they have a good reputation for customer service are likely to retain customers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In 2014 Hyundai Cars in Singapore introduced a three year warranty on all new cars when the industry standard was one year</li> </ul>

